MEASUREMENT & PAY



Ron Scoggins
Lead Education Liaison
Representative



Calculation of Training Time (pp. 90-94 in Handbook)

- Undergraduates measured by VA, usually at 12 semester or quarter hours = full time.
- Graduate students are measured by VA based upon the training time certified by the school. You should **NEVER** fill in the training time item on the Enrollment Certification for undergraduate students.

Equivalent Credit Hours

Undergraduate training time always based on:

12 credit hours = full time

9 credit hours = three quarter time

6 credit hours = half time

Standard Terms

Standard Semester = 15 - 18 weeks.

Standard Quarter = 10 - 14 weeks.

Length of Term: Divide number of days in term by 7, disregarding remainders of 3 days or less, and adding one week for remainders of 4 days or more. Deduct one week for each one week break or holiday during the term.

Equivalent Semester Hours

Semester hours pursued during a term multiplied times 18, divided by length of the term in weeks.

Equivalent Quarter Hours

Quarter hours pursued during a term multiplied times 12, divided by length of the term in weeks.

Examples

- June 9 July 28, 2004: 50 days divided by 7 = 7 weeks one day. Seven week session.
 - June 9 August 15, 2004: 68 days divided by 7 = 9 weeks 5 days. Ten week session.
 - May 12 July 28, 2004
 - 78 days divided by 7 = 11 weeks one day. Eleven week session.

Overlapping Sessions

 Combine equivalent hours only for periods where sessions overlap and pay accordingly.

May 15-July 11(9 weeks) 3 sem hrs = equiv 6 sem hrs
May 15-August 15 (14 weeks) 6 sem hrs = equiv 7.7 sem hrs

Award: May 15 - July 11 (13 sem hrs = full time)

July 12 - August 15 (7 sem hrs = half time)



- Pay for all breaks except where prohibited
- Generally not pay for any break which exceeds 8 weeks or where the break is longer than either the session preceding or following the break.
- Special Summer Rule: Cannot pay for break between summer sessions which exceeds 30 days & the session preceding or following the break is less than 8 weeks in length.

Non-Punitive Grades & Mitigating Circumstances pp. 77-78

- Non-punitive grade is one which neither applies to the student's grade point average nor applies as credit earned towards the program.
- EXAMPLES: W, X, NP, etc.
- A grade of I (incomplete) becomes non-punitive and should be reported as such if it is still unresolved a year after it was first issued.
- A grade of Audit is treated the same as any other nonpunitive grade (this is a change from previous practice)

Mitigating Circumstances

- Defined as anything which is both unexpected and beyond the student's control which prevents him/her from completing a course.
- Mitigating: Student in auto accident and hospitalized.
- Not Mitigating: Prior to start of term student receives orders for active duty for training to occur during the term.
- Students must submit evidence of mitigating circumstances.



- We will not pay a student to re-take a course which was previously satisfactorily completed.
- Doesn't matter whether or not the student received VA education benefits for the prior attempt.
- Students can repeat courses for which a D was previously earned if a C or better is required for the student's current program.
- Exception: when student is using the fill-in rule during his/her last term in that program.



- Student enrolled at two different schools/campuses concurrently or temporarily attending another school/campus for a term or two.
- Primary degree-granting) school specifies in a letter (see our form) which courses may be taken at another specific school/campus and the fact that those courses will apply in full to the student's current objective.
- Each school, primary and supplemental, certifies the student for courses taken at their school/campus.

Dual Degrees pp. 105-106

- If specific dual degrees/majors are listed in school's approved catalog along with the specific requirements for each, no additional approval action is required.
- If specific requirements not listed in approved catalog, then dual degrees/majors must be approved by the SAA on a case by case basis.



- Only for students who are applying for their first teacher certificate or a teacher certificate in another subject, grade level, or state.
- We cannot pay teachers to renew their certificate in the same subject, grade level, or state.
- Students apply to Teacher Certification in Tallahassee and get letter back which specifies which specific courses they need.
- Some exceptions where school has special prior arrangement with Teacher Certification.

Full Time Schedule in Last Term (Fill-in Rule) pp. 111-112

- Student taking all courses needed to graduate, but they don't add up to full time pursuit.
- Student can fill in schedule with any course to bring pursuit up to full time.
- Can do this only **ONCE** in each program.
- If student fails required course(s) we can pay to repeat that course(s) only cannot pay to fill-in again for that program.



- Schools must review all prior education and training.
- Student has no choice even if (s)he doesn't want prior credit transferred, school **must** do the transfer & evaluation.
- Schools are not required to grant transfer credit, but must evaluate it and grant it in accordance with the rules published in their approved catalog.
- Schools should accomplish this in first two terms of enrollment to avoid repeating courses previously satisfactorily completed from transfers.

Denciency, Remedial, & Refresner Courses

pg. 45

- Deficiency course: Secondary level course required to correct a deficiency in a particular subject matter.
- Remedial course: Secondary level course required to overcome a handicap such as in speech or hearing.
- Refresher course: A course previously taken during or prior to veteran's military service and in which significant technological advances have occurred, e.g., computer repair or programming.
- Courses must be necessary for or required pre-requisites to pursuit of student's current program.

Cooperative Training pp. 118-119

- Alternates full time pursuit in the classroom and related on job training.
- Can alternated full time classroom with job training or can be concurrent pursuit of both at half time each.
- School pursuit must be at least half of training, i.e., school semester must be full time and at least as long as full time job semester concurrent coop must include at least half time classroom training.



